



BOOK 2

WORK PROGRAMME TECHNICAL INDICATORS 2025/26

IMPROVING LIVES THROUGH DATA ECOSYSTEMS



stats sa

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REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA



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Work Programme 2025/26 (Book 2)

Technical Indicators



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1. Executive and Project Management Support

1.1 Executive and Project Management Support

Indicator title (WP – 1)	Number of reports on project management support provided to CPS approved
Definition	Enhance project management efficiencies through building project management capabilities, and providing project management expertise and support to Stats SA's projects in accordance with the project management framework of Stats SA, i.e. ensuring best practices are implemented during integrated project planning, execution, monitoring and reporting in order to ensure quality projects are delivered on time and within budget
Source of data	Project management documents from Stats SA's priority projects
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count (number of project documents received/available on the management information repository [Radikopantsha] of Stats SA)
Means of verification	Project management documents available on the management information repository (Radikopantsha) of Stats SA
Assumptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Timely submission by internal stakeholders on priority project needs• Timely submission by internal stakeholders of approved project management documents• Project scope is not adjusted
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target for women: N/A• Target for children: N/A• Target for youth: N/A• Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Project management support is provided throughout the project life cycle within project timelines
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Signed CPS project plan• Approved report on project management support to CPS 2025/26• Approval by Project Director
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Executive and Project Management Support

1.2 Executive and Project Management Support

Indicator title (WP – 1)	Number of interfaces developed
Definition	Enhance management information repository (Radikopantsha) functionality hosting management information of Stats SA. Report on the number of interfaces developed
Source of data	The management information repository (Radikopantsha) of Stats SA, Legacy Systems and other internal data
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	User needs for new and improved interfaces
Assumptions	Availability of Stats SA's information technology network. Availability of and dependency on government transversal systems. Access to internal and external data for management information.
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Enhance management information repository interfaces
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed project plan detailing interfaces to be rolled out • Signed report on interfaces rolled out
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Executive and Project Management Support

2. Strategy, Operations and Organisational Development

2.1 Strategy, Operations and Organisational Development

Indicator title (WP – 2)	Number of business processes mapped
Definition	Business process mapping is a visual representation of work processes. Process maps show the relationship amongst the steps required to complete a product or service and is expressed as flowcharts or as Business Process Modelling and Notation (BPMN) symbols.
Source of data	Current business processes
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Business process mapped (As-Is) and (To-Be)
Assumptions	Participation of staff in the relevant Chief Directorate
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target for women: N/A• Target for children: N/A• Target for youth: N/A• Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Two business processes mapped
Evidence (output/s)	Signed business processes by Chief Director: SOOD and relevant Chief Director (As-Is) and (To-Be)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Strategy, Operations and Organisational Development

2.2 Strategy, Operations and Organisational Development

Indicator title (WP – 2)	Number of organisational structures reviewed
Definition	The Public Service Act and Regulations provide that an Executive Authority (delegated to the Statistician-General) shall determine the organisational structure of a department in terms of its core mandated and support functions. The organisational structure must enable the organisation to execute its mandate and implement its strategic plan. The current organisational structure was approved in 2020. The organisation will embark on a structure review exercise to ensure alignment to the new strategic direction and to address inefficiencies and duplications.
Source of data	Strategic Plan (2025/26–2029/30); Chief Directorate Plans and approved organisational structure (2020)
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	EXCO minutes outlining discussions and recommendations; proposal to DPSA and Minister on the review and proposed changes to the structure
Assumptions	Participation by leadership and senior management in review of the organisational structure
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Changes to the organisational structure is approved by the SG
Evidence (output/s)	Signed document on changes to the organisational structure by the SG
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Strategy, Operations and Organisational Development

2.3 Strategy, Operations and Organisational Development

Indicator title (WP – 2)	Number of culture-shift programmes implemented
Definition	Driving organisational changes hinges on establishing a mindset that embraces transformation and change. To drive cultural change, the organisation has developed a culture shift programme that outlines and guides employees towards embracing behaviours that align with the organisational core values and strategic outcomes. Implementing successful cultural change is a gradual process that allows employees to embed new behaviours in their day-to-day operations.
Source of data	Strategic Plan (2025/26–2029/30) and culture shift programme
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Culture shift programme and initiatives implemented
Assumptions	Participation by leadership and staff in the culture shift programme
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Employees of Stats SA have adapted to change and transformation
Evidence (output/s)	Signed document on the implementation of the culture-shift programme (phase 1)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Strategy, Operations and Organisational Development

3. Risk, Anti-corruption and Integrity Management

3.1 Risk, Anti-corruption and Integrity Management

Indicator title (WP – 3)	Number of disaster risk reduction plans implemented
Definition	Risk reduction plan is to ensure that all significant risks confronting Stats SA on all levels are proactively identified and managed to acceptable levels on a continuous basis
Source of data	Chief Directorate business impact analysis
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Risk reduction plan
Assumptions	Business impact analysis completed
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target for women: N/A• Target for children: N/A• Target for youth: N/A• Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	All divisions compile business impact analysis
Evidence (output/s)	Signed disaster risk reduction implementation plan
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Risk, Anti-corruption, and Integrity Management

4. Human Resource Management and Development

4.1 Human Resource Management and Development

Indicator title (WP – 4)	Number of concept notes on succession planning approved
Definition	Succession planning is the process of identifying prioritised positions in the organisation and creating a talent pipeline, by preparing employees to fill vacancies as others retire or move on
Source of data	Various HR reports and inputs from line managers
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Succession plan
Assumptions	Approved talent management strategy
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target for women: N/A• Target for children: N/A• Target for youth: N/A• Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Implementation of talent management through succession planning
Evidence (output/s)	Approved concept note on succession planning by DDG: Corporate Services
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Human Resource Management and Development

4.2 Human Resource Management and Development

Indicator title (WP – 4)	Number of skills audits conducted
Definition	A skills audit is a process that evaluates the skills and abilities of employees. It can be used to assess the skills of employees, to recognise skills gap and identify skills for improvement and strength
Source of data	Various HR reports and inputs from line managers
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Skills audit
Assumptions	Approved talent management strategy
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Implementation of talent management through skills audit
Evidence (output/s)	Signed skills audit report for prioritised jobs (Phase 1)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Human Resource Management and Development

4.3 Human Resource Management and Development

Indicator title (WP – 4)	Percentage increase in women on SMS level
Definition	Improvement of employment equity targets for women on SMS
Source of data	Establishment and HRM recruitment reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Percentage
Means of verification	Analysis of the establishment and HRM recruitment reports
Assumptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Targeted recruitment • Funding availability
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: Yes • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	2 % points increase in women on SMS
Evidence (output/s)	Signed establishment report on employment equity targets (women on SMS level)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Human Resource Management and Development

4.4 Human Resource Management and Development

Indicator title (WP – 4)	Percentage increase in staff with disabilities
Definition	Improvement of employment equity targets for people with disabilities
Source of data	HRM strategies and reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Percentage
Means of verification	HRM audits, e.g. recruitment
Assumptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Targeted recruitment • Funding availability
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: Yes
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	0,2% point increase in staff with disabilities
Evidence (output/s)	Signed establishment report on employment equity targets (staff with disabilities)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Human Resource Management and Development

4.5 Human Resource Management and Development

Indicator title (WP – 4)	Percentage increase in youth employment
Definition	Improvement of employment equity targets for youth
Source of data	HRM strategies and reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Percentage
Means of verification	HRM audits, e.g. recruitment
Assumptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Targeted recruitment • Funding availability
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: Yes • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	2% points increase in youth employment
Evidence (output/s)	Signed establishment report on employment equity targets (youth)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Human Resource Management and Development

4.6 Human Resource Management and Development

Indicator title (WP – 4)	Number of gender-based violence (GBV) programmes implemented
Definition	Initiatives for dealing with gender-based violence
Source of data	HRM strategies and reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	HRM strategies and reports
Assumptions	None
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	GBV-free workplace
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed gender-based violence programme • Registers of programme attendance
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Human Resource Management and Development

5. Facilities, Transport and Security Management

5.1 Facilities, Transport and Security Management

Indicator title (WP – 5)	Number of district offices rationalised
Definition	Rationalise and minimise the cost attached to office accommodation, which will be inclusive of all Stats SA offices (Head Office, provinces, and district offices). This is one of the key areas in the five-year strategy where regionalisation was considered as a cost-effective measure for the future of the organisation.
Source of data	Reports on office accommodation
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Report on offices assessed
Assumptions	Minimise costs
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Rationalise and minimise cost attached to office accommodation
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on district offices rationalised
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Facilities, Transport and Security Management

6. Financial Management Services

6.1 Financial Management Services

Indicator title (WP – 6)	Percentage of fruitless and wasteful expenditure reduced
Definition	An expenditure that was undertaken without value or substance and that did not yield any desired results or objectives
Source of data	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure register
Method of calculation/assessment	Percentage
Means of verification	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure disclosed in the annual report
Assumptions	Availability of systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target for women: N/A• Target for children: N/A• Target for youth: N/A• Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Reduce fruitless and wasteful expenditure by 85%
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Signed report on reduced fruitless and wasteful expenditure (with calculations)• Stats SA audited annual report
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Financial Management Services

6.2 Financial Management Services

Indicator title (WP – 6)	Percentage of irregular expenditure reduced
Definition	Expenditure other than unauthorised expenditure, incurred in contravention of or that is not in accordance with a requirement of any applicable legislation
Source of data	Assessment of the movement between opening balance and closing balance (General ledger)
Method of calculation/assessment	Percentage
Means of verification	Irregular expenditure disclosed in the annual report
Assumptions	Availability of systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Reduce irregular expenditure by 90%
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed report on reduced irregular expenditure (with calculations) • Stats SA audited annual report
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Financial Management Services

6.3 Financial Management Services

Indicator title (WP – 6)	Percentage decrease in number of audit findings
Definition	A reduction in the number of reported and accepted audit findings in comparison to the previous financial year
Source of data	Audit report
Method of calculation/assessment	Percentage
Means of verification	Audit report
Assumptions	Availability of resources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	50% decrease in audit findings
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed AG audit report with 50% decrease in audit findings • Register of findings over two years financial years
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Financial Management Services

6.4 Financial Management Services

Indicator title (WP – 6)	Unqualified audit opinion attained
Definition	An independent auditor's opinion that a company's financial statements are fairly and appropriately presented, without any identified exceptions, and in compliance with modified cash standards
Source of data	Audit report
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Audit report
Assumptions	Availability of resources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Unqualified audit attained
Evidence (output/s)	Signed AG audit report with unqualified audit opinion (Stats SA audited annual report)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Financial Management Services

6.5 Financial Management Services

Indicator title (WP – 6)	Percentage of unauthorised expenditure reduced
Definition	Overspending of a vote or a main division within a vote
Source of data	Assessment of the movement between opening balance and closing balance (General ledger)
Method of calculation/assessment	Percentage
Means of verification	Unauthorised expenditure disclosed in the annual report
Assumptions	Availability of systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Reduce unauthorised expenditure by 100%
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on unauthorised expenditure (with calculations)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Financial Management Services

7. Internal Audit

7.1 Internal Audit

Indicator title (WP – 7)	Number of supply chain management audits conducted
Definition	Internal audit priority reports refer to AGSA findings that are significant and need to be prioritised
Source of data	AGSA management report
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Internal Audit report
Assumptions	Findings contained in AGSA management report
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Improved organisational processes
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed audit report on supply chain management • Signed internal audit 3-year rolling plan
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Internal Audit

8. Business Cycle Indicators

8.1 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (mining: production and sales) published, within two months after the reference month
Definition	Business cycle indicators are sub-annual statistical information covering key industries in the economy. Mining and quarrying refer to the extraction, dressing and beneficiating of minerals occurring naturally, for example solids such as coal and ores, liquids such as crude oil/petroleum, and gases such as natural gas
Source of data	Questionnaires are collected from all mines at the Department of Mineral Resources and Energy (DMRE) and results are provided in summarised format to Stats SA in order to process further for publication purposes (detail per ore, but no individual data on mines). It is therefore considered to be an administrative source
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Production indices are based on actual production volumes reported using various methodological processes/documents (e.g. SNA, SDDS). Sales data are the summarised totals per type of mineral as provided by DMRE and are reported for one month behind the production data. Indices are calculated at base 2019=100 and weighed with average value-added weights. Weights are adjusted annually
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly (collected monthly)
Desired performance	Publish quality mining releases as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly releases on mining: production and sales within two months after the reference month • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.2 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (manufacturing: production and sales) published, within two months after the reference month
Definition	Manufacturing enterprises conduct activities in the manufacturing, processing, making or packing of products; the slaughtering of animals, including poultry; and installation, assembly, completion, repair and related work
Source of data	Questionnaires received from a sample of $\pm 3\ 000$ enterprises in the manufacturing sector of South Africa, collected from an annually scientifically drawn sample using an updated Business Sampling Frame (BSF). It aims at covering activities of large, medium and small enterprises engaged in manufacturing activities. Classification of enterprises on the BSF is done using the 1993 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Data collected: Sales and inventories of own manufactured products, unfilled orders and actual volumes of products manufactured. Estimates of sales per major group and division are published. Estimates of sales and inventories are processed further by deflating with relevant producer price indices and then comparing to the same data in a base period (currently 2015=100) in order to present production indices. Based on various methodological processes/documents (e.g. SDDS)
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly (collected monthly)
Desired performance	Publish quality manufacturing: production and sales releases as per SDDS requirements and the release schedule.
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly releases on manufacturing: production and sales within two months after the reference month • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.3 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (manufacturing: utilisation of production capacity by large enterprises) published, within one quarter after the reference month
Definition	The survey measures the extent of utilisation of production capacity available at manufacturing enterprises; total under-utilisation; and reasons for the under-utilisation by division and major group
Source of data	Questionnaires collected from respondents on a three-monthly basis, covering one calendar month as indicated (February, May, August and November)
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Based on various methodological processes/documents as per international practice
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly (collected monthly)
Desired performance	Publish quality manufacturing: utilisation of production capacity by large enterprises releases as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published quarterly releases on manufacturing: utilisation of production capacity by large enterprises within one quarter after the reference month • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.4 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (electricity generated and available for distribution) published, within two months after the reference month
Definition	The survey covers the production of electric energy and the transmission of own-generated power. Electricity may be generated conventionally, hydro-electrically, thermally, geothermally, or by means of solar energy, nuclear energy or tidal energy, gas turbine, diesel and renewable energy. It includes the generation, transmission and/or distribution of electric power mainly for own use (e.g. manufacturing and mining enterprises)
Source of data	Questionnaires received from 25 respondents. Eskom also provides information on generation by independent power producers (IPPs) feeding their generation into the national grid (generated by wind, water, and solar)
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Based on various methodological processes/documents (e.g. SNA, SDDS)
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly (collected monthly)
Desired performance	Publish quality generation and consumption of electricity releases as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly releases on generation and consumption of electricity within two months after the reference month • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.5 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (selected building statistics of the private sector as reported by local government institutions) published, within two months after the reference month
Definition	Building statistics are compiled using reported data of the largest local government institutions that are responsible for the approval of building plans as per municipal legislation before building work can commence, as well as issuing building certificates after final inspection of completed buildings by the local government authority
Source of data	Questionnaires received from respondents
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Data are collected and summarised per province and South Africa without weighing. Only the largest local government institutions in South Africa take part in this monthly survey, representing approximately 85% of the total value of all privately funded buildings completed
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly (collected monthly)
Desired performance	Publish quality building statistics releases as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly releases on building plans passed, within two months after the reference month • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.6 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (selected building statistics) published, 6 months after year-end report
Definition	Business cycle indicators are sub-annual statistical information covering key industries in the economy. See description in indicator 8.5 above
Source of data	Questionnaires for the annual summary release are received monthly from respondents and summarised on an annual basis to be published within six months after year-end. Categories of buildings covered: residential buildings (various subcategories); non-residential buildings (various subcategories); and additions and alterations to existing buildings
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Annual release: collected monthly data are summarised and published for the latest calendar year per building category and large local government institution, provincial and total South Africa at nominal prices. No weighting done to source data
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality building statistics annual release as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published annual release on selected buildings statistics, 6 months after year-end report • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.7 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of reports on business cycle indicators (building statistics) published, within two years after year-end report
Definition	Business cycle indicators are sub-annual statistical information covering key industries in the economy. See description in indicator 8.5 above
Source of data	Questionnaires for the annual report are collected annually from smaller local government institutions regarding only buildings completed for the detail as per the monthly survey
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Annual report: collected annual data are summarised and published for the prior calendar year per building category and small local government institution, provincial and total South Africa at nominal prices. No weighting done to source data. Additionally, the results of the relevant period's monthly data are merged with the annual data collected (only buildings completed categories) in order to represent the complete South African data regarding buildings completed
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality building statistics annual report as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed report on building statistics, within two years after year-end report • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.8 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (retail trade sales) published, within two months after the reference month
Definition	Retailers are enterprises deriving more than 50% of their turnover from sales of goods to the general public for household use
Source of data	Questionnaires received from respondents in a sample of $\pm 3\,000$ enterprises, which is drawn annually from the updated Stats SA Statistical Business Register (SBR) at 4-digit SIC level
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Based on various methodological processes/documents (e.g. SNA, SDDS). Received data are summarised and weighed with relevant sampling weights per strata and classification category in order to represent the full population for the retail trade industry
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly (collected monthly)
Desired performance	Publish quality releases on retail trade sales as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly releases on retail trade sales, within two months after the reference month • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.9 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (motor trade sales) published, within two months after the reference month
Definition	Enterprises in the motor trade survey are predominantly involved in sales of motor vehicles, filling stations and workshops; motorcycle dealers; spares and accessories; tyre dealers; automotive electricians; radiator repairs; panel beaters and spray painters; “other” specialised motor trade, including motor vehicle dealers
Source of data	Questionnaires received from respondents in a sample of ± 850 enterprises, which is drawn annually from the updated Stats SA Statistical Business Register (SBR) at 4-digit SIC level
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Based on various methodological processes/documents (e.g. SNA). Received data summarised and weighed with relevant sampling weights per strata and classification category in order to represent the full population for the motor trade industry
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly (collected monthly)
Desired performance	Publish quality releases on motor trade sales as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly releases on motor trade sales, within two months after the reference month • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.10 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (wholesale trade sales) published, within two months after the reference month
Definition	Wholesale trade represents enterprises deriving 50% or more of their turnover from sales of goods to other businesses and institutions. It includes the resale (sale without transformation) of new and used goods and products to other wholesalers, retailers, agricultural, industrial, commercial, institutional and professional users either directly or through agents on a fee or contract basis
Source of data	Questionnaires received from respondents in a sample of $\pm 1\ 400$ enterprises, which is drawn annually from the updated Stats SA Statistical Business Register (SBR) at 4-digit SIC level
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Based on various methodological processes/documents (e.g. SNA). Received data are captured, verified, summarised and weighed with relevant sampling weights per strata and classification category in order to represent the full population for the wholesale trade industry
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly (collected monthly)
Desired performance	Publish quality releases on wholesale trade sales as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly releases on wholesale trade sales, within two months after the reference month • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.11 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (land transport) published, within two months after the reference month
Definition	<p>Stats SA conducts a monthly survey of the land transportation industry, covering passenger and freight transportation by rail and road.</p> <p>Types of transportation covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Railway transportation (passenger and freight); other scheduled land transport – urban, sub-urban, and inter-urban bus and coach passenger lines and school buses; non-scheduled passenger land transport – safaris and sightseeing bus tours, metered taxis and other passenger transport including renting of motor cars with drivers; freight transport by road • Passenger transport excludes minibus taxis, metropolitan buses (including BRT system) and rental of private cars and buses without drivers • Freight transportation excludes renting of trucks without drivers and in-house transportation
Source of data	Questionnaires received from respondents in a sample of ± 700 enterprises, which is drawn annually from the updated Stats SA Statistical Business Register (SBR) at 4-digit SIC level
Method of calculation/assessment	<p>Simple count</p> <p>Based on various methodological processes/documents (e.g. SNA). Received data are captured, verified, summarised and weighed with relevant sampling weights per strata and classification category in order to represent the full population for the land transport industry</p>
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly (collected monthly)
Desired performance	Publish quality statistical releases on land transport as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly releases on land transport, within two months after the reference month • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.12 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (liquidations) published, within one month after the reference month
Definition	A liquidation takes place when the affairs of a company or close corporation are wound up by order of the court (compulsory liquidation); or when a company or close corporation resolves to wind up its affairs by own choice (voluntary liquidation)
Source of data	Stats SA collects administrative information on liquidations from the Companies and Intellectual Property Commission, and the Department of Trade, Industry and Competition (DTIC).
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Data on liquidations published as received from DTIC.
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly (collected monthly)
Desired performance	Publish quality releases on liquidations as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly releases on liquidations, within one month after the reference month • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.13 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (civil cases for debt) published, within two months after the reference month
Definition	Stats SA conducts a monthly sample survey on the number and value of civil cases reported and civil summonses for debt issued in South Africa
Source of data	Questionnaires received from selected magistrates' courts
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Summarised data as collected cover number of cases recorded; number of civil summonses issued for debt; number of civil judgements recorded for debt; and value of civil judgements for debt. Data are presented per category of debt (e.g. goods sold, money lent) as well as in total per province
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly (collected monthly)
Desired performance	Publish quality releases on civil cases for debt as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly releases on civil cases for debt, within two months after the reference month • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.14 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (food and beverages) published, within two months after the reference month
Definition	The food and beverages survey covers a sample of public and private enterprises involved in the preparation of meals and drinks for immediate consumption in South Africa
Source of data	Questionnaires received from a sample of $\pm 1\ 000$ respondents in the monthly survey. The sample is drawn annually from the Stats SA Statistical Business Register (SBR) according to 5-digit SIC classification
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Based on various methodological processes/documents (e.g. SNA). Received data are summarised and weighted using sampling design weights
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly (collected monthly)
Desired performance	Publish quality releases on the food and beverages industry as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly releases on food and beverages, within two months after the reference month • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.15 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of releases on business cycle indicators (tourist accommodation) published, within two months after the reference month
Definition	The Tourist Accommodation Survey is a monthly survey covering a sample of public and private enterprises involved in the short-stay commercial accommodation industry in South Africa
Source of data	Questionnaires received from a sample of $\pm 1\ 000$ respondents in the monthly survey. The sample is drawn annually from the Stats SA Statistical Business Register (SBR) according to 5-digit SIC classification
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Based on various methodological processes/documents (e.g. SNA). Received data are summarised and weighted using sampling design weights
Means of verification	Clearance document accompanies each statistical release that validates the data being published
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly (collected monthly)
Desired performance	Publish quality releases on tourist accommodation as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly releases on tourist accommodation, within two months after the reference month • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

8.16 Business Cycle Indicators

Indicator title (WP – 8)	Number of reports on improving business cycle indicator statistics approved
Definition	Compile reports on updated weights for mining indices [2020–2022], manufacturing [2020–2022], manufacturing production capacity [2020–2022], implementing deflators for tourist accommodation, and updated deflators on retail trade sales and motor trade sales.
Source of data	Internal and external data
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Various methods used or researched
Means of verification	Intranet and internet
Assumptions	Comparisons with international standards updated
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Reports to improve short-term industry statistics to ensure the use of internationally acclaimed practices
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed reports on updated weights for mining (2020–2022), manufacturing (2020–2022) and manufacturing: utilisation of production capacity (2020–2022) • Signed report on implementing deflators for tourist accommodation • Signed reports on updated deflators for retail trade sales and motor trade sales • Approval by Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Cycle Indicators

9. Structural Industry Statistics

9.1 Structural Industry Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 9)	Number of periodic reports on industry statistics published (personal services)
Definition	Structural industry statistics inform on the nature, structure and levels of the periodic personal services industry
Source of data	Periodic collection of financial, employment and structural data from establishments and/or enterprises
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Estimation consistent with the stratified sampling method used
Means of verification	Published reports on Stats Online
Assumptions	The accuracy of the Business Register, statistical methods applied, and data supplied by respondents
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: Yes • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	None
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality periodic report on the personal services industry
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published report on the personal services industry (2023) • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Structural Industry Statistics

9.2 Structural Industry Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 9)	Number of periodic reports on industry statistics published (transport and storage)
Definition	Structural industry statistics inform on the nature, structure and levels of the periodic transport and storage industry
Source of data	Periodic collection of financial, employment and structural data from establishments and/or enterprises
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Estimation consistent with the stratified sampling method used
Means of verification	Published reports on Stats Online
Assumptions	The accuracy of the Business Register, statistical methods applied, and data supplied by respondents
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: Yes • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	None
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality periodic report on the transport and storage industry
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published periodic report on the transport and storage industry (2023) • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Structural Industry Statistics

9.3 Structural Industry Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 9)	Number of periodic reports on industry statistics published (agriculture)
Definition	Structural Industry Statistics informs periodically on the nature, structure and trends of the agriculture industry
Source of data	Periodic collection of financial, employment and structural data from enterprises
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Estimation consistent with the stratified sampling method used
Means of verification	Published reports on Stats Online
Assumptions	Accuracy of the Business Register, efficient samples and data supplied by respondents
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: Yes • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality periodic report on the agriculture industry
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published periodic report on the agriculture industry (2023) • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Structural Industry Statistics

9.4 Structural Industry Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 9)	Number of releases on agriculture industry statistics published
Definition	SIS informs annually on the nature, structure and trends of the agriculture industry
Source of data	Annual collection of financial, employment and structural data from enterprises
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Estimation consistent with the stratified sampling method used
Means of verification	Published reports on Stats Online
Assumptions	Accuracy of the Business Register, efficient samples and data supplied by respondents
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: Yes • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality annual release on the agriculture industry
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published annual release on the agriculture industry (2024) • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Structural Industry Statistics

10. Price Statistics

10.1 Price Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 10)	Number of CPI releases published within one month of the reference period
Definition	The consumer price index measures consumer inflation in the economy
Source of data	Monthly collection of price data from businesses
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count The consumer price index is compiled as the geometric mean of price changes per lowest product group and the weighted arithmetic mean of aggregated indices
Means of verification	Monthly collection of price data from businesses
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Publish quality CPI releases as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly CPI releases within one month of the reference period • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Price Statistics

10.2 Price Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 10)	Number of PPI releases published within one month of the reference period
Definition	The producer price index measures producer inflation in the economy
Source of data	Monthly collection of price data from businesses
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count The producer price index is compiled as the geometric mean of price changes per lowest product group and the weighted arithmetic mean of aggregated indices
Means of verification	Monthly collection of price data from businesses
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Publish quality PPI releases as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly PPI releases within one month of the reference period • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Price Statistics

10.3 Price Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 10)	Number of CMPI releases published within one month of the reference period
Definition	The construction material price indices measure price increases of materials and services in the construction industry
Source of data	Indices derived from the PPI, SEIFSA and the CPI
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count The CMPI comprises different tables in which the source indices are combined as weighted arithmetic averages
Means of verification	Indices derived from the PPI, SEIFSA and the CPI
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Publish quality CMPI releases as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly CMPI releases within one month of the reference period • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Price Statistics

10.4 Price Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 10)	Number of XMUVI releases published within two months of the reference period
Definition	The export and import unit value indices measure inflation of commodities exported from and imported to South Africa
Source of data	Customs data recorded by the South African Revenue Service
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count The export and import unit value indices are compiled as the geometric mean of changes in the unit value of commodities and the weighted arithmetic mean of aggregated indices
Means of verification	Customs data recorded by the South African Revenue Service
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Publish quality XMUVI releases as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly XMUVI releases within two months of the reference period • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Price Statistics

10.5 Price Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 10)	Number of RPPI releases published within five months of the reference period
Definition	The residential property price indices measure inflation of residential properties
Source of data	Property transactions registered with the Office of the Chief Registrar of Deeds and supplied by AfriGIS
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count The residential property price indices are calculated using a hedonic regression method and the weighted arithmetic mean of aggregated indices
Means of verification	Property transactions registered with the Office of the Chief Registrar of Deeds
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Publish quality RPPI releases as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly RPPI releases within five months of the reference period • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Price Statistics

10.6 Price Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 10)	Number of releases on updated PPI weights published
Definition	The release will contain the new weights for the PPI
Source of data	National Accounts, large sample surveys and administrative data
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count The weights represent the share of total output of the relevant industries contributed by significant product categories
Means of verification	Physical research on Stats SA website
Assumptions	Availability of information
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish a statistical release containing new weights for the PPI as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published release with new weights for the PPI • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Price Statistics

11. Private Financial Statistics

11.1 Private Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 11)	Number of quarterly releases on financial statistics of private sector enterprises published within one quarter after the reference period
Definition	Quarterly financial statistics are about tracking financial performance and financial position of selected private sector and public corporations
Source of data	Selected private sector and public corporations (information obtained from financial records)
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Based on various accounting and other methodological processes and data estimations to represent the universe
Means of verification	Selected private sector and public corporations (information obtained from financial records)
Assumptions	The accuracy of the Business Register, statistical methods applied and data supplied by respondents
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Publish quality quarterly private financial statistics release as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published quarterly releases on financial statistics of private sector • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Private Financial Statistics

11.2 Private Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 11)	Number of annual releases on financial statistics of the private sector published
Definition	Annual financial statistics are about tracking financial performance and financial position of selected private sector and public corporations
Source of data	Selected private sector and public corporations (information obtained from financial records)
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Based on various accounting and other methodological processes and data estimations to represent the universe
Means of verification	Selected private sector and public corporations (information obtained from financial records)
Assumptions	The accuracy of the Business Register, statistical methods applied and data supplied by respondents
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality annual private financial statistics release as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published annual release on financial statistics of the private sector • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Private Financial Statistics

11.3 Private Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 11)	Number of quarterly releases on capital expenditure published within one quarter after the reference period
Definition	A quarterly capital expenditure survey to monitor the acquisition of assets by businesses
Source of data	Selected private sector and public corporations (information obtained from financial records of capital expenditure)
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Based on various accounting and other methodological processes and data estimations to represent the panel
Means of verification	Selected private sector and public corporations (information obtained from financial records of capital expenditure)
Assumptions	The accuracy of panel selection, statistical methods applied and data supplied by respondents
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Publish quality quarterly capital expenditure statistics release as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published quarterly releases on capital expenditure of selected private sector enterprises and public corporations • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Private Financial Statistics

12. Government Financial Statistics

12.1 Government Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 12)	Number of releases on the financial statistics of national government with audited data published
Definition	Government financial statistics track government revenue and spending and the financial performance of government
Source of data	National and provincial government institutions (NPGIs) source the general government institutions through administrative data (e.g. Vulindlela) and annual reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Current prices for income and expenditure and historical prices for balance sheet items – based on various accounting and other methodological processes/documents (SNA, GFSM, MFMA, MSCOA, GRAP/GAMAP, SDDS, etc.)
Means of verification	Annual reports, Vulindlela data and clearance documents for all publications
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish all releases timeously (all statistical releases, reports and datasets published are on time, relevant and accurate) as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published annual release on the financial statistics of national government with audited data • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Government Financial Statistics

12.2 Government Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 12)	Number of releases on the financial census of municipalities published
Definition	Government financial statistics track government revenue and spending and the financial performance of government
Source of data	National and provincial government institutions (NPGIs) source the general government institutions through administrative data (e.g. Vulindlela) and annual reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Current prices for income and expenditure and historical prices for balance sheet items – based on various accounting and other methodological processes/documents (SNA, GFSM, MFMA, MSCOA, GRAP/GAMAP, SDDS, etc.)
Means of verification	Annual reports, Vulindlela data and clearance documents for all publications
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish all releases timeously (all statistical releases, reports and datasets published are on time, relevant and accurate) as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published annual releases on the financial census of municipalities • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Government Financial Statistics

12.3 Government Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 12)	Number of releases on the capital expenditure of the public sector published
Definition	Government financial statistics track government revenue and spending and the financial performance of government
Source of data	Local government institutions (LGIs) statistics are collected from local government institutions, and other public sector institutions through questionnaires, annual reports, trial balances and administrative data (e.g. Vulindlela) National and provincial government institutions (NPGIs) source the general government institutions through administrative data (e.g. Vulindlela) and annual reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Current prices for income and expenditure and historical prices for balance sheet items – based on various accounting and other methodological processes/documents (SNA, GFSM, MFMA, MSCOA, GRAP/GAMAP, SDDS, etc.)
Means of verification	Annual reports, Vulindlela data and clearance documents for all publications
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish all releases timeously (all statistical releases, reports and datasets published are on time, relevant and accurate) as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published annual releases on the capital expenditure of the public sector • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Government Financial Statistics

12.4 Government Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 12)	Number of releases on the financial statistics of extra-budgetary accounts and funds with audited data published
Definition	Government financial statistics track government revenue and spending and the financial performance of government
Source of data	National and provincial government institutions (NPGIs) source the general government institutions through administrative data (e.g. Vulindlela) and annual reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Current prices for income and expenditure and historical prices for balance sheet items – based on various accounting and other methodological processes/documents (SNA, GFSM, MFMA, MSCOA, GRAP/GAMAP, SDDS, etc.)
Means of verification	Annual reports, Vulindlela data and clearance documents for all publications
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish all releases timeously (all statistical releases, reports and datasets published are on time, relevant and accurate) as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published annual releases on the financial statistics of extra-budgetary accounts and funds with audited data • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Government Financial Statistics

12.5 Government Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 12)	Number of releases on the financial statistics of provincial government with audited data published
Definition	Government financial statistic track government revenue and spending and the financial performance of government
Source of data	National and provincial government institutions (NPGIs) source the general government institutions through administrative data (e.g. Vulindlela) and annual reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Current prices for income and expenditure and historical prices for balance sheet items – based on various accounting and other methodological processes/documents (SNA, GFSM, MFMA, MSCOA, GRAP/GAMAP, SDDS, etc.)
Means of verification	Annual reports, Vulindlela data and clearance documents for all publications
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish all releases timeously (all statistical releases, reports and datasets published are on time, relevant and accurate) as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published annual releases on the financial statistics of provincial government with audited data • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Government Financial Statistics

12.6 Government Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 12)	Number of releases on the financial statistics of higher education institutions with audited data published
Definition	Government financial statistics track government revenue and spending and the financial performance of government
Source of data	National and provincial government institutions (NPGIs) source the general government institutions through administrative data (e.g. Vulindlela) and annual reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Current prices for income and expenditure and historical prices for balance sheet items – based on various accounting and other methodological processes/documents (SNA, GFSM, MFMA, MSCOA, GRAP/GAMAP, SDDS, etc.)
Means of verification	Annual reports, Vulindlela data and clearance documents for all publications
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish all releases timeously (all statistical releases, reports and datasets published are on time, relevant and accurate) as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published annual releases on financial statistics of higher education institutions with audited data • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Government Financial Statistics

12.7 Government Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 12)	Number of releases on the financial statistics of consolidated general government with audited data published
Definition	Government financial statistics track government revenue and spending and the financial performance of government
Source of data	National and provincial government institutions (NPGIs) source the general government institutions through administrative data (e.g. Vulindlela) and annual reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Current prices for income and expenditure and historical prices for balance sheet items – based on various accounting and other methodological processes/documents (SNA, GFSM, MFMA, MSCOA, GRAP/GAMAP, SDDS, etc.)
Means of verification	Annual reports, Vulindlela data and clearance documents for all publications
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish all releases timeously (all statistical releases, reports and datasets published are on time, relevant and accurate) as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published annual release on the financial statistics of consolidated general government with audited data • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Government Financial Statistics

12.8 Government Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 12)	Number of releases on financial statistics of selected municipalities published within one quarter of the reference period
Definition	Government financial statistics track government revenue and spending and the financial performance of government (of 130 selected municipalities)
Source of data	Local government institutions (LGIs) statistics are collected from local government institutions through questionnaires, trial balances and financial statements and other source documents.
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Current prices for income and expenditure variables and seasonal adjusted prices for selected variables based on various accounting and other methodological processes/documents (SNA, GFSM MSCOA, MFMA, GRAP/GAMAP, SDDS, etc.)
Means of verification	Financial statements, trial balance and clearance document
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Publish all releases timeously (all statistical releases, reports and datasets published are on time, relevant and accurate) as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published quarterly releases on financial statistics of municipalities with a four-month lag • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Government Financial Statistics

12.9 Government Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 12)	Number of reports on the implementation of administrative data for QFSSM approved
Definition	Local government institutions (LGIs) statistics are collected from local government institutions through questionnaires, trial balances and financial statements and other source documents. This will include National Treasury
Source of data	Simple count Current prices for income and expenditure variables and seasonal adjusted prices for selected variables based on various accounting and other methodological processes/documents (SNA, GFSM MSCOA, MFMA, GRAP/GAMAP, SDDS, etc.)
Method of calculation/assessment	Financial statements, trial balance and clearance document
Means of verification	Administrative data for QFSSM
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Compile report timeously
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed report on the implementation of administrative data for the QFSSM • Approval by the Chief Director and DDG
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Government Financial Statistics

12.10 Government Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 12)	Number of reports on balance sheets piloted for the QFSSM approved
Definition	Government financial statistics track government revenue and spending and the financial performance of government (of 130 selected municipalities)
Source of data	Local government institutions (LGIs) statistics are collected from local government institutions through questionnaires, trial balances and financial statements and other source documents.
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Current prices for income and expenditure variables and seasonal adjusted prices for selected variables based on various accounting and other methodological processes/documents (SNA, GFSM MSCOA, MFMA, GRAP/GAMAP, SDDS, etc.)
Means of verification	Financial statements, trial balance and clearance document
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Compile report timeously
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed report on piloting of balance sheets for the QFSSM • Approval by the Chief Director and DDG
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Government Financial Statistics

12.11 Government Financial Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 12)	Number of feasibility studies on a survey of public corporations conducted
Definition	Current prices for income and expenditure and historical prices for balance sheet items – based on various accounting and other methodological processes/documents (SNA, GFS, MFMA, GRAP/GAMAP, SDDS, etc.)
Source of data	Public corporation annual reports, ENE and Vulindlela data
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Financial statements, trial balance and clearance document
Means of verification	Public corporation annual reports, ENE and Vulindlela data
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Compiled report on feasibility studies on a survey of public corporations
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed report on the feasibility study on a survey of public corporations • Approval by the Chief Director and DDG
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Government Financial Statistics

13. National Accounts

13.1 National Accounts

Indicator title (WP – 13)	Number of GDP releases published within one quarter of the reference period
Definition	GDP measures the economic performance of a country. It is critical to note that the four quarterly releases are composed of three GDP quarterly releases and a combined quarterly and annual GDP release. The combined release (first quarter) includes the Supply and Use Tables 2022 (SUT 2022). The SUT form the central framework for compilation of a single and coherent estimate of GDP. They integrate all the components of the production, income and expenditure approaches to GDP
Source of data	Internal (monthly, quarterly, annual and periodic surveys) and external data sources
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Guided by the System of National Accounts
Means of verification	Publications on the website
Assumptions	Availability of the website
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Publish quality GDP releases as per release schedule in line with internationally acclaimed standards and practices
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published quarterly GDP releases within one quarter of the reference period. The GDP release for Q1 to include Supply and Use Tables 2022 (Excel) • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: National Accounts

13.2 National Accounts

Indicator title (WP – 13)	Number of regional GDP releases published
Definition	Regional GDP measures the economic performance of provinces. These statistics will be released in September of every year (annually)
Source of data	Internal (monthly, quarterly and annual surveys) and external data sources
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Guided by the System of National Accounts
Means of verification	Published on website
Assumptions	Enough human capital to undertake compilation of regional GDP
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality regional GDP release as per the release schedule in line with internationally acclaimed standards and practices
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published annual regional GDP release • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: National Accounts

13.3 National Accounts

Indicator title (WP – 13)	Number of reports on tourism satellite accounts published
Definition	The Tourism Satellite Account (TSA) provides an overview of the role that tourism plays in South Africa and provides information on the contribution by tourism to the South African economy in terms of expenditure and employment
Source of data	Internal (monthly, quarterly and annual surveys) and external data sources
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Guided by the Tourism Satellite Accounts: Recommended Methodological Framework (TSA:RMF)
Means of verification	Checklist/website
Assumptions	None
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality TSA report and Excel workbook as per the release schedule in with internationally acclaimed standards and practices
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published report on tourism satellite accounts • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: National Accounts

13.4 National Accounts

Indicator title (WP – 13)	Number of discussion documents on EEA as part of the NCA series published
Definition	Natural capital refers to all types of environmental assets, which are the naturally occurring living and non-living components of the earth. The outputs for this deliverable vary, depending on the focus for each year. The outputs may either be discussion documents or reports, depending on whether the aspects of the environmental accounts being considered are published for the first time (new statistics) or are official (have been produced and published before)
Source of data	Internal (monthly, quarterly and annual surveys) and external data sources
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Guided by the System of Environmental Economic Accounts (SEEA)
Means of verification	Checklist
Assumptions	Source data needed is available and at the level of detail that is required for EEA compilation. Internationally agreed standard (methodology) is available. Human and financial resources in the EEA Directorate are available and adequate
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality EEA discussion documents for experimental statistics (this refers to the statistics that are being published for the first time) or reports (the official statistics) as part of the Natural Capital series
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published discussion document (for new EEA) or report (for updated and repeated EEA) on Natural Capital or Ecosystem Accounts and Excel workbooks • Discussion document signed by the DDG: Economic Statistics OR • Report for updated and repeated EEA signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish the report by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: National Accounts

14. Demographic and Population Statistics

14.1 Demographic and Population Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 14)	Number of releases on mid-year population estimates published
Definition	Projected population estimates refer to dynamics of population estimates by age, sex and population group at national and provincial level. This provides comprehensive demographic information on the population dynamics
Source of data	Census, household surveys and administrative data
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Assessment of data and application of established demographic techniques dependent on the type of analysis being conducted
Means of verification	Data are internally consistent and follow best practice. Outputs are also confronted against independent sources of data
Assumptions	Empirical demographic assumptions are made based on existing data sources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Mid-year population estimates are disaggregated by sex and youth
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality projected population estimates at national and provincial levels as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published release on mid-year population estimates at national and provincial levels • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Demographic and Population Statistics

14.2 Demographic and Population Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 14)	Number of population projections published
Definition	Long term projected population estimates refer to dynamics of population estimated by age, sex and population group at national and provincial level. This provides comprehensive demographic information on the population dynamics
Source of data	Census, household surveys and administrative data
Method of calculation/assessment	Assessment of data and application of established demographic techniques dependent on the type of analysis being conducted
Means of verification	Data are internally consistent and follow best practice. Outputs are also confronted against independent sources of data
Assumptions	Empirical demographic assumptions are made based on existing data sources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Mid-year population estimates are disaggregated by sex and youth
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality long term population projections at national and provincial levels as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published long term mid-year population projections at national and provincial levels • Approval by the Chief Director
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Demographic and Population Statistics

14.3 Demographic and Population Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 14)	Number of population estimates at district level published
Definition	Population estimates refer to dynamics of population estimates by age and sex at district level. This provides comprehensive demographic information on the population dynamics
Source of data	Census, household surveys and administrative data
Method of calculation/assessment	Assessment of data and application of established demographic techniques dependent on the type of analysis being conducted
Means of verification	Data are internally consistent and follow best practice. Outputs are also confronted against independent sources of data
Assumptions	Empirical demographic assumptions are made based on existing data sources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Mid-year population estimates are disaggregated by sex and youth at district level
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Disaggregation is done for national and provincial level. Where the data and capacity allow, analysis and indicators can be extended to the metropolitan areas and districts.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality projected population estimates at district level as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published population estimates at district level • Approval to publish by the Chief Director
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Demographic and Population Statistics

14.4 Demographic and Population Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 14)	Number of provincial reports on population estimates at district level published
Definition	Population estimates published at district level by age and sex, including rates and ratios. This provides comprehensive demographic information on the population dynamics at district level in 9 published reports
Source of data	Census, household surveys and administrative data
Method of calculation/assessment	Assessment of data and application of established demographic techniques dependent on the type of analysis being conducted
Means of verification	Data are internally consistent and follow best practice. Outputs are also confronted against independent sources of data
Assumptions	Empirical demographic assumptions are made based on existing data sources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Mid-year population estimates are disaggregated by sex and youth at district level
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Disaggregation is done for metropolitan areas and districts.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	9 published quality reports at district level as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published reports based on population estimates at district level (9) • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Demographic and Population Statistics

14.5 Demographic and Population Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 14)	Number of mid-year population estimates at local municipal level published
Definition	Population estimates refer to dynamics of population by age and sex at local municipal level. This provides comprehensive demographic information on the population dynamics
Source of data	Census data
Method of calculation/assessment	Assessment of data and application of established demographic techniques dependent on the type of analysis being conducted
Means of verification	Data are internally consistent and follow best practice. Outputs are also confronted against independent sources of data
Assumptions	Empirical demographic assumptions are made based on existing data sources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Mid-year population estimates are disaggregated by sex and youth at local municipal level
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Population estimates developed at local municipal level
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality projected population estimates at local municipal level as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published population estimates at local municipal level • Approval to publish by the Chief Director
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Demographic and Population Statistics

14.6 Demographic and Population Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 14)	Number of mid-year household estimates published
Definition	Household estimates refer to dynamics of household headship by age and sex at national, provincial and district level. This provides comprehensive demographic information on the population dynamics
Source of data	Census data
Method of calculation/assessment	Assessment of data and application of established demographic techniques dependent on the type of analysis being conducted
Means of verification	Data are internally consistent and follow best practice. Outputs are also confronted against independent sources of data
Assumptions	Empirical demographic assumptions are made based on existing data sources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Household estimates are disaggregated by sex and youth at district level
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Disaggregation is done for national, provincial and district level for household estimates
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality projected household estimates at district level as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published mid-year household estimates • Approval to publish by the Chief Director
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Demographic and Population Statistics

14.7 Demographic and Population Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 14)	Number of technical reports on natural demographic processes (mortality) approved
Definition	The report will focus on assessment of mortality data and provide evidence-based indicators that will add value to existing literature and inform subsequent surveys and census processes
Source of data	The source will be vital registration system, and Censuses data
Method of calculation/assessment	Methodologies applicable range from United Nations recommended methods Methods used and modified by distinguished scholars in relevant research in South Africa Methods used on administrative data will be that accepted and used by the data producers
Means of verification	Indicators produced are compared with previous indicators to determine consistency Reports are peer reviewed to ensure good quality
Assumptions	Assumptions will depend on the methodologies adopted per annual report
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Thematic report is disaggregated by sex and age
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Disaggregation is done for national and provincial level. Where the data and capacity allow, analysis and indicators can be extended to the metropolitan areas and districts
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Report compiled on theme related to mortality
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed mortality technical report • Approval by the Chief Director
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Demographic and Population Statistics

14.8 Demographic and Population Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 14)	Number of reports on emerging issues from Census 2022 approved
Definition	Census 2022 emerging issues on content as part of improving processes for the 2030 round of Census
Source of data	Census 2022 processes and data
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Website
Assumptions	Census 2022 data evaluations for various thematic reports will highlight content issues
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Report is timeous and relevant
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed report on emerging issues from Census 2022 • Approval by the Chief Director
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Demographic and Population Statistics

14.9 Demographic and Population Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 14)	Number of reports on CPS user consultations approved
Definition	Report on user consultation on themes related to the CPS
Source of data	Based on inputs and feedback received during consultations
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Data will be based on feedback during stakeholder consultation
Assumptions	Stakeholders attending sessions represent the needs of all stakeholders related to various themes
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: Y • Target for children: Y • Target for youth: Y • Target for people with disabilities: Y • Depending on the theme disaggregation of beneficiaries may include some or all of the above
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Where applicable report finding will be applied at provincial level
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Compiled report timeously
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed report on CPS user consultations • Approval by the Project Director
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Demographic and Population Statistics

14.10 Demographic and Population Statistics-

Indicator title (WP – 14)	Number of reports on migration statistics published
Definition	The report will focus on migration statistics from the 2022/2023 Income and Expenditure Survey (IES) to provide detailed indicators on migrants and household income and expenditure patterns.
Source of data	Migration module attached to the 2022/2023 Income and Expenditure Survey (IES)
Method of calculation/assessment	Assessment of data and application of established demographic techniques dependent on the type of analysis to be conducted
Means of verification	Thematic report peer reviewed to ensure good quality
Assumptions	Assumptions will depend on the methodologies adopted per annual thematic report
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Thematic report is disaggregated by age, sex and other socio-economic variables available in the dataset
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Disaggregation is done for national and provincial level. Where the data have good coverage, analysis and indicators can be extended to the metropolitan areas.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Published thematic report on migration statistics
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed thematic report on migration statistics based on IES 2022/2023 data • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Demographic and Population Statistics

15. Health and Vital Statistics

15.1 Health and Vital Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 15)	Number of releases on international tourism statistics published, one month after the reference period
Definition	Tourism comprises the activities of persons travelling to, and staying in places outside their usual environment, for not more than one uninterrupted year, for leisure, business and other purposes. The usual environment of a person consists of a certain area around his/her place of residence, plus all other places he/she frequently visits
Source of data	Data from Movement Control System (e-MCS/ b-MCS) at the country's ports of entry/exit from the National Department of Home Affairs
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Data from ACSA compared to data from DHA
Assumptions	All travellers are captured and processed by the Department of Home Affairs
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Monthly
Desired performance	Maintain current levels of quality releases on international tourism as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published monthly releases on international tourism statistics, one month after the reference period • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Health and Vital Statistics

15.2 Health and Vital Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 15)	Number of reports on international tourism statistics published
Definition	Tourism comprises the activities of persons travelling to, and staying in places outside their usual environment, for not more than one uninterrupted year, for leisure, business and other purposes. The usual environment of a person consists of a certain area around his/her place of residence, plus all other places he/she frequently visits.
Source of data	Data from Movement Control System (e-MCS / b-MCS) at the country's ports of entry/exit from the National Department of Home Affairs
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Data from ACSA compared to data from DHA
Assumptions	All travellers are captured and processed by the Department of Home Affairs
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality releases on international tourism statistics as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published annual report on international tourism statistics • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Health and Vital Statistics

15.3 Health and Vital Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 15)	Number of releases on vital statistics (births) published
Definition	The number of births registered/recorded in a specific year, irrespective of when the birth actually occurred. (The births recorded in any given year include the births that occurred during that year plus other births that occurred in years prior to the year of registration.)
Source of data	Department of Home Affairs Administrative Database (DHA Nucleus Bureau database)
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Department of Home Affairs Administrative Database (DHA Nucleus Bureau database) Provincial datasets with specific variables
Assumptions	All births are registered within the required timeframe and data will be availed timely from Department of Home Affairs
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Statistics on birth will be disaggregated by sex and age
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish statistical release on births
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published releases on recorded live births (2024) • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Health and Vital Statistics

15.4 Health and Vital Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 15)	Number of releases on vital statistics (deaths) published
Definition	Death is the permanent disappearance of all evidence of life at any time after a live birth has taken place. Causes of death are all those diseases, morbid conditions, or injuries that either resulted in or contributed to death, and the circumstances of the accident or violence that produced any such injuries
Source of data	The Department of Home Affairs Administrative Database (DHA – Death Notification Forms)
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Department of Home Affairs Administrative Database (DHA Nucleus Bureau database) Provincial datasets with specific variables
Assumptions	The statistical release will be authorised/signed off by the Deputy Director-General: Population and Social Statistics and approved by the Statistician-General
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Statistics on death will be disaggregated by sex and age
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish statistical release on deaths
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published releases on mortality and causes of death (2022 & 2023) • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Health and Vital Statistics

15.5 Health and Vital Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 15)	Number of releases on vital statistics (marriages and divorces) published
Definition	Marriage is the legally or formally recognised union of two people as partners in a personal relationship Divorce is the legal dissolution of a marriage by a court of law
Source of data	Administrative data of marriages from the Department of Home Affairs, and divorces through a form that is completed during completion of the divorce process at the Department of Justice and Constitutional Development
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Administrative data of marriages from the Department of Home Affairs, and divorces through a form that is completed during completion of the divorce process at the Department of Justice and Constitutional Development
Assumptions	Marriages are registered with the Department of Home Affairs within a year of marriage, and all divorces conducted within a year are sent to Stats SA
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Statistics on marriages and divorces will be disaggregated by sex and age
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish statistical release on marriages and divorces
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published releases on marriages and divorces (2024) • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Health and Vital Statistics

15.6 Health and Vital Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 15)	Number of reports on health statistics published
Definition	Health statistics include communicable diseases and non-communicable diseases, i.e. diseases that are not caused by infections or spread of diseases, e.g. malaria, HIV. Non-communicable diseases are often also referred to as lifestyle diseases, e.g. diabetes and injuries
Source of data	Administrative data sources
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Website
Assumptions	Complete dataset
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Health report published annually
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published report on health statistics (2024) • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Health and Vital Statistics

16. Social Statistics

16.1 Social Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 16)	Number of releases on domestic tourism statistics published
Definition	The Domestic Tourism Survey deals with domestic tourism travel and expenditure patterns. Statistical releases containing basic statistical summaries of the findings of the DTS are produced within six months after data collection ends. Thematic reports are produced as planned
Source of data	Household survey data and other relevant sources in the case of thematic reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Actual observations provided in statistical reports as frequencies, percentage distributions and medians
Means of verification	Statistical report P0352.1, Domestic Tourism Survey Annual Report
Assumptions	DTS 2024 survey will be completed on time and with an appropriate level of quality Release will be approved by the Statistician-General
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Domestic tourism statistics are disaggregated by sex, age and province
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality domestic tourism release as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Published release on domestic tourism statistics Release signed by the SG OR Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Statistics

16.2 Social Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 16)	Number of reports on improving domestic tourism statistics approved
Definition	Technical report on progress with the integration of the Stats SA and SAT domestic tourism surveys compiled
Source of data	Domestic Tourism Survey (DTS) Interaction with the National Department of Tourism (NDT)
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Numbers and percentages
Means of verification	Technical report on progress with the integration of the Stats SA and SAT domestic tourism surveys
Assumptions	DTS will continue to be enumerated by Stats SA SAT will continue to look for integration between two existing tourism surveys
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Compile quality domestic tourism reports as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed technical report on the integration of the national domestic tourism surveys • Approval by the Chief Director and DDG
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Statistics

16.3 Social Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 16)	Number of releases on social and household service delivery statistics published
Definition	Statistical releases containing basic statistical summaries of the findings on the General Household Survey (GHS) are produced within six months after data collection ends. These reports include statistics on education, access to social services, household food security, access to housing, basic services and attitudes of households in relation to the quality and reliability of these services. Thematic and technical reports are produced as planned
Source of data	Household survey data and other relevant sources in the case of thematic reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Actual observations provided in statistical releases and reports as frequencies, percentage distributions and medians
Means of verification	Statistical report P0318, General Household Survey 2024 published
Assumptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GHS 2024 survey will be completed on time and with appropriate level of quality • Release will be approved by the Statistician-General
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Social and household service delivery statistics are disaggregated by sex, age and disability
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality release on social and household service delivery statistics as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published release on social and household service delivery statistics (GHS release) • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Statistics

16.4 Social Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 16)	Number of releases on development indicators published
Definition	Releases on development indicators and metro development indicators compiled
Source of data	Internal and external data
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Statistical reports P0318.2 and P0318.3, General Household Survey, Selected Development Indicators 2024 and metro level indicators published
Assumptions	GHS 2024 will be completed on time and with appropriate level of quality Release will be approved by the Statistician-General
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Development indicators are disaggregated by sex, age and disability
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality release on development and metro development indicators
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published statistical release on selected development indicators • Published statistical release on selected development indicators for metros • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Statistics

16.5 Social Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 16)	Number of reports on marginalised groups indicators published
Definition	Statistical reports are produced about the life circumstances and activities of older persons, the youth, women, children and people with disabilities. Reports on marginalised groups are produced as planned using data from the GHS, QLFS, LCS and IES, censuses, as well as administrative records
Source of data	Household survey data and other relevant sources in the case of thematic reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Actual observations provided in statistical releases and reports as frequencies, percentage distributions and medians
Means of verification	Questionnaires and training manuals
Assumptions	Report to be approved by the SG
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Thematic report on marginalised groups is disaggregated by sex, age and province
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality reports on marginalised groups statistics as per the publication schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published report on marginalised groups indicators • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Statistics

16.6 Social Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 16)	Number of reports on marginalised groups indicators published
Definition	Statistical reports are produced about the life circumstances and activities of older persons, the youth, women, children and people with disabilities. Reports on marginalised groups are produced as planned using data from the GHS, QLFS, LCS and IES, censuses, as well as administrative records
Source of data	Household survey data and other relevant sources in the case of thematic reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Actual observations provided in statistical releases and reports as frequencies, percentage distributions and medians
Means of verification	Questionnaires and training manuals
Assumptions	Report to be approved by the SG
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Thematic report on marginalised groups is disaggregated by sex, age and province
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality reports on marginalised groups statistics as per the publication schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published thematic report on marginalised groups (Series 8) • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Statistics

16.7 Social Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 16)	Number of thematic reports on gender published
Definition	Gender statistics focus on the life circumstances and activities of men and women. Releases on gender are produced as planned using data from the GHS, QLFS, LCS and IES, censuses, as well as administrative records
Source of data	General Household Survey (GHS)
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Household survey data and other relevant sources in the case of thematic reports
Means of verification	Questionnaires and training manuals
Assumptions	GHS data available for analysis
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Thematic report on gender is disaggregated by sex, age and province
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality thematic report on gender as per the publication schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published thematic report on gender (Series 12) • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Statistics

16.8 Social Statistics

Indicator title (WP –16)	Number of releases on crime, safety and security statistics published
Definition	Statistical releases containing basic statistical summaries of the findings on the Governance, Public Safety and Justice Survey (GPSJS) are produced within nine months after data collection ends. These reports include statistics on victimisation rates for households and individuals
Source of data	Household survey data, other relevant sources in the case of thematic reports and SAPS data
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Actual observations provided in statistical releases and reports as frequencies, percentage distributions and medians
Means of verification	Questionnaires and training manuals
Assumptions	GPSJS 2024/25 data available for analysis
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Crime, safety and security statistics are disaggregated by sex and age
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality release on crime statistics as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published release on victims of crime statistics • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Statistics

16.9 Social Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 16)	Number of releases on governance statistics published
Definition	Statistical releases containing basic statistical summaries of the findings on the Governance, Public Safety and Justice Survey (GPSJS) are produced within nine months after data collection ends. These reports include statistics on victimisation rates for households and individuals
Source of data	Governance, Public Safety and Justice Survey (GPSJS) data, other relevant sources in the case of thematic reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Actual observations provided in statistical releases and reports as frequencies and percentage distributions
Means of verification	Questionnaires and training manuals
Assumptions	GPSJS data available for analysis
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Governance statistics are disaggregated by sex, age and province
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality release on governance statistics as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published release on governance statistics • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Statistics

16.10 Social Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 16)	Number of thematic reports on education statistics published
Definition	The thematic reports focus on education-related themes such as access and achievements. The reports present data and insights related to the specific themes. It often involves identifying patterns, trends and key issues within the data to provide a comprehensive understanding of the subject matter
Source of data	Statistics South Africa household surveys data (GHS, Census, MYPE), Data received from DBE, DHET
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Computation of various education indicators, indices, frequency and percentage distributions
Means of verification	Data confrontations and use of best practice in classification, concepts and definitions, and methods of computation within the education sector
Assumptions	Access to various education data sources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Thematic report is disaggregated by sex, age and province
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish a good quality thematic report as per release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published release on education statistics (Series 9) • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Statistics

16.11 Social Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 16)	Number of research reports on expanding education and child statistics approved
Definition	Education and child statistics focus on measuring educational inputs, problems and outcomes in relation to early childhood, and primary, secondary and tertiary education. The research report on expanding data sources on education and child data will be produced
Source of data	General Household Survey and census data Administrative data from the Department of Basic Education or Department of Social Development, Department of Higher Education and Training as well as administrative data on children produced by Stats SA and other departments
Method of calculation/assessment	Actual observations provided in statistical releases and reports as frequencies, percentage distributions and medians
Means of verification	Research report on expanding education and child data
Assumptions	GHS, Census, DSD and DBE administrative data available for analysis
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Research report is disaggregated by age, sex and province
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality education and child statistics
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed research report on alternative data sources on education and child statistics • Approval by the Chief Director and DDG
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Statistics

17. Labour Statistics

17.1 Labour Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 17)	Number of releases on employment and earnings published, 13 weeks after the reference month
Definition	Quarterly Employment Survey (QES) is a survey of businesses and organisations that collects statistical information on employment and earnings in the formal and non-agricultural sector
Source of data	Quarterly collection of labour statistics from businesses
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count (weighted observations and ratios)
Means of verification	Statistical release on Quarterly Labour Force Survey published on the web, presentation. All businesses in the sample are registered
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Publish quality quarterly releases on employment and gross earnings and average monthly earnings as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published releases on employment and earnings • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Labour Statistics

17.2 Labour Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 17)	Number of releases on labour market information published within 8 weeks after the end of the quarter
Definition	The Quarterly Labour Force Survey (QLFS) is a household-based sample survey conducted by Stats SA. It collects data on the labour market activities of individuals aged 15 years and older who live in South Africa
Source of data	Quarterly collection of labour statistics from households
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count (weighted observations and ratios)
Means of verification	Statistical release on Quarterly Labour Force Survey published on the web, questionnaires, microdata, presentation
Assumptions	Availability of data and systems
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Labour statistics are disaggregated by sex and age
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Publish quality quarterly releases on labour market statistics 8 weeks after the end of the quarter as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published release on labour market information • Release signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Labour Statistics

17.3 Labour Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 17)	Number of reports on labour market dynamics published
Definition	The Quarterly Labour Force Survey (QLFS) is a household-based sample survey conducted by Statistics South Africa (Stats SA). It collects data on the labour market activities of individuals aged 15 years and older who live in South Africa. The annual report is compiled using the four quarters of a year to produce annual averages
Source of data	Annual collection of labour statistics from households and four-yearly collection of other work statistics from households
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	All four QLFS releases of the relevant year, LMDSA report on the website
Assumptions	Availability of data, systems and human resources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Labour statistics are disaggregated by sex and age
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality annual report on labour market statistics as per the release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published report on labour market dynamics • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Labour Statistics

17.4 Labour Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 17)	Number of reports on improving labour market statistics published
Definition	The labour statistics scope is to measure and produce work statistics through the following surveys: Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Survey of Activities of Young People (child labour), Survey of Employers and the Self-Employed (informal sector), Volunteer Activities Survey (volunteer work), Time Use Survey and other labour market-related modules. This year the focus is on Volunteer Activities Survey (VAS). The survey aims to collect information on volunteer activities of the working age population in South Africa
Source of data	Four-yearly collection of data from household members who participated in volunteer work activities during the reference period
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Publication on the Stats SA website (Volunteer Activities Survey 2023 report)
Assumptions	Information will be used for planning by policy makers
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Volunteer activities disaggregated by sex and age
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publish quality report on volunteer work activities of the working-age population in South Africa per release schedule
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published VAS report • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Labour Statistics

18. Poverty and Inequality Statistics

18.1(a) Poverty and Inequality Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 18)	Number of reports on life circumstances, poverty and inequality published
Definition	Publication of National Poverty Lines for 2025 – a statistical release indicating the national poverty (threshold) lines for 2025 by adjusting the previous year's rand values for inflation
Source of data	CPI 2025 data
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Application of the organisational standards on graphs and tables as well as on report writing. Data confrontation with previous statistical releases on the National Poverty Lines. Statistical release available on Stats SA website
Assumptions	CPI 2025 data are available and released on time
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Relevant information on poverty and inequality to enable planning, monitoring and evaluation
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published report on National Poverty Lines for 2025 • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Poverty and Inequality Statistics

18.1(b) Poverty and Inequality Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 18)	Number of reports on life circumstances, poverty and inequality published
Definition	Report on money-metric poverty trends based on IES 2022/23
Source of data	IES 2022/23
Method of calculation/assessment	Quantitative
Means of verification	Report on Stats SA website
Assumptions	Availability of human resources to produce indicators and write the report
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Report on money-metric poverty trends to enable sound decision-making on programmes of intervention
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published report on money-metric poverty trends based on IES 2022/23 • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Poverty and Inequality Statistics

18.1(c) Poverty and Inequality Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 18)	Number of reports on life circumstances, poverty and inequality published
Definition	Report on Subjective Poverty for 2023 – a report indicating the approaches to subjective wellbeing relating to self-perceived wealth, minimum income and evaluation of income.
Source of data	IES 2022/23
Method of calculation/assessment	Quantitative
Means of verification	Report published on Stats SA website
Assumptions	Availability of human resources to produce indicators and write the report
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: Yes • Target for youth: Yes • Target for people with disabilities: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Report on subjective poverty from the direct lens of asking respondents whether they perceive themselves as poor or not
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published report on subjective poverty based on IES 2022/23 • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Poverty and Inequality Statistics

18.2 Poverty and Inequality Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 18)	Number of discussion documents on SAMPI approved
Definition	A discussion document on the evaluation of SAMPI indicators compiled from GHS and IES 2022/23 comparisons
Source of data	IES 2023 and GHS 2023
Method of calculation/assessment	Quantitative
Means of verification	Discussion document published internally and uploaded on Radikopantsha
Assumptions	Availability of human resources to produce indicators and write the report
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Produce annual SAMPI from a data source that provides good data
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed discussion document comparing SAMPI compiled from the GHS and the IES for frequent production SAMPI • Approval by the Chief Director
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Poverty and Inequality Statistics

18.3 Poverty and Inequality Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 18)	Number of reports on child poverty using IES 2022/23 published
Definition	A second report on measuring child poverty in multidimensional terms using MODA (Multiple-Overlapping Deprivation Analysis)
Source of data	IES 2022/23
Method of calculation/assessment	Quantitative
Means of verification	Report available on Stats SA website
Assumptions	Availability of human resources to produce indicators and write the report
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Relevant information on child multidimensional poverty that is accurate
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published report on child poverty using IES 2022/23 • Report signed by the SG OR • Approval to publish by the SG (email or route form)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Poverty and Inequality Statistics

18.4 Poverty and Inequality Statistics

Indicator title (WP – 18)	Number CPS strategy approved
Definition	A CPS module rotation strategy is a plan outlining the rotation schedule of content different survey modules over time and as part of different data collection tools
Source of data	CPS data
Method of calculation/assessment	Qualitative
Means of verification	Website
Assumptions	Availability of funds to run the CPS test
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	A strategy that provides information on the performance of indicators that were tested
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed CPS rotation strategy • Approval by the Project Director
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Poverty and Inequality Statistics

19. Statistical Methods

19.1 Statistical Methods

Indicator title (WP – 19)	Number of tests on the new master sample conducted
Definition	The master sample is a “super” sample intended to be used in multiple household-based surveys and/or multiple rounds of the same household survey, usually over a 10-year time frame to coincide with new Census information decennially. In implementing a master sample test are carried to gradually align household survey samples as they migrate from a previous to a new and/or updated master sample
Source of data	Survey data from household survey programme, Census and other internal and/or external data sources including geospatial information, Scientific and applied specialised literature on master sample design.
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Internal report
Assumptions	Available information
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target for women: N/A• Target for children: N/A• Target for youth: N/A• Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	New master sample aligned to modular Continuous Population Survey
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on master sample implementation for modular Continuous Population Survey programme
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Statistical Methods

19.2 Statistical Methods

Indicator title (WP – 19)	Number of reports on methodological practices approved
Definition	An investigation of alternative approaches to variance estimation, seasonal adjustment, methodological procedures in sampling and statistical standards management in the survey value chain
Source of data	Survey data including but not limited to surveys from the economic, population and social statistics clusters. Register/register-based information. Cluster and divisional plans, templates and reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count Methodological notes and datasets published after sampling, weighting and estimation. Review and updating of programs for sampling, weighting and estimation
Means of verification	Internal report
Assumptions	Available information
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Enhance methodological support provided to ensure statistical releases, reports and datasets published are on time, relevant and accurate
Evidence (output/s)	Signed reports on methodological practices investigated (3)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Statistical Methods

20. Statistical Standards

20.1 Statistical Standards

Indicator title (WP – 20)	Number of international standards adopted
Definition	The International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC) consists of a coherent and consistent classification structure of economic activities based on a set of agreed concepts, definitions, principles and classification rules. It provides a comprehensive framework within which economic data can be collected and reported in a format that is designed for purposes of economic analysis, decision-taking and policy making. The classification structure represents a standard format to organise detailed information about the state of an economy according to economic principles and perceptions. Data are classified according to the kind of economic activity in the fields of production, employment, gross domestic product and other statistical areas. In practice, the classification is used for providing a continuing flow of information that is indispensable for the monitoring, analysis and evaluation of the performance of an economy over time. In addition to its primary application in statistics and subsequent economic analysis, where information needs to be provided for narrowly defined economic activities (also referred to as “industries”), SIC can also be used for administrative purposes, such as in tax collection, issuing of business licenses, etc.
Source of data	Statistical Standards personnel responsible for driving processes and writing the final standard based on the provided content, published international revised documents, working groups conduct desktop research and additional information on content through stakeholder consultations
Method of calculation/assessment	Progress in terms of the SDLC stage achieved
Means of verification	Actual standard document and report in cases where development was not feasible
Assumptions	Sufficient capacity in standards development Availability of production areas and supporting areas to participate in the work of working groups Timely availability of other stakeholder groups (e.g. CDF; EXCO; Standards Committee; Technical Committee) to review draft standards
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	All statistical standards planned for development to be achieved on time
Evidence (output/s)	Signed adopted International Standard on Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (ISIC Rev.5)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Statistical Standards

21. Business Register

21.1 Business Register

Indicator title (WP – 21)	Number of assessments on the maturity level of the SBR conducted
Definition	To assess the maturity level of the seven dimensions of the SBR through an online toolkit. This toolkit assists National Statistical Offices to identify gaps in their level of maturity of each of the dimensions with the aim to improve the maturity level of the SBR
Source of data	Administrative data, legislation, and documentation of international best practices including the Maturity Model toolkit and operational manual
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Progress report
Assumptions	Adequate resources (financial and human)
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target for women: N/A• Target for children: N/A• Target for youth: N/A• Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Report on the assessment of the maturity level of the Statistical Business Register
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on the assessment of the maturity level of the SBR
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Register

22. Geography

22.1 Geography

Indicator title (WP – 22)	Number of geo-enabled master samples updated
Definition	A PSU frame that is compiled to facilitate sampling for CPS and household surveys
Source of data	Census data, including geospatial information frame updates
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Metadata accompanying updated frame data
Assumptions	Complete coverage, completeness, accurate and up to date
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target for women: N/A• Target for children: N/A• Target for youth: N/A• Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Statistical data dissemination is essential for informing policy formulation and the implementation of appropriate interventions
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Innovated, integrated, maintained and available statistical frame that is geo-enabled
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Signed report on the updated PSU layer for CPS and household surveys (plus link to a PSU frame stored on a central server) (Phase 2)• Approval by the Project Director and DDG (Methodology and statistical infrastructure)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Geography

23. Survey Monitoring and Evaluation

23.1 Survey Monitoring and Evaluation

Indicator title (WP – 23)	Number of QMS Code of Practice implemented
Definition	Quality Management System (QMS) is defined as a system that includes establishing quality policies, quality objectives, and processes to achieve these quality objectives through quality planning, quality assurance, quality control and quality improvement. The CoP for Stats SA consists of a checklist for systematic quality assessment of the main practices that guide and shape the statistical processes and outputs of a survey
Source of data	CoP self-assessment reports
Method of calculation/assessment	Qualitative as well as quantitative assessments
Means of verification	Documentation and organisational standards
Assumptions	Cooperation of all stakeholders and availability of all resources and enablers
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	A system that covers the entire value chain of the surveys – both economic, and population and social – and can be used for quality monitoring, assessment and improvements
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed plan • Signed report on the implementation of QMS CoP
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Survey Monitoring and Evaluation

23.2 Survey Monitoring and Evaluation

Indicator title (WP – 23)	Number of QMS concept notes approved
Definition	The Quality Management System (QMS) is defined as a system that includes establishing quality policies, quality objectives, and processes to achieve these quality objectives through quality planning, quality assurance, quality control, and quality improvement. The strategy is one of the elements
Source of data	Information will be gathered through desktop research
Method of calculation/assessment	Qualitative as well as quantitative assessments
Means of verification	Documentation and organisational standards
Assumptions	Cooperation of all stakeholders and availability of all resources and enablers
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	A document that reconceptualises the QMS in Stats SA and outlines different components of the QMS, as well as processes and role players
Evidence (output/s)	Signed QMS concept note
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Survey Monitoring and Evaluation

24. Advocacy and Dissemination

24.1 Advocacy and Dissemination

Indicator title (WP – 24)	Number of Integrated Stakeholder Engagement Strategies implemented
Definition	The Integrated Stakeholder Engagement Strategy (ISES) is part of the alignment of the three organisational strategic functions that include: branding, publicity, and stakeholder engagement
Source of data	Benchmarking and research
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Reports on benchmarking
Assumptions	Availability of human resources; availability of online information; willingness of competitors to release or make data available
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	To determine Stats SA's position relative to other competitors in the data ecosystem
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed plan on branding, publicity and stakeholder engagement • Signed integrated stakeholder engagement strategy
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Advocacy and Dissemination

24.2 Advocacy and Dissemination

Indicator title (WP – 24)	Number of Stats SA website enhancements implemented
Definition	Stats SA website will be rolled out upon testing of the accessibility and optimum functionality of the current revamped website
Source of data	User consultations and business plan
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	User consultations
Assumptions	Key financial and human resources available
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Improve online customer experience
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed plan and specifications • Signed report on the website implemented (Phase 5)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Advocacy and Dissemination

24.3 Advocacy and Dissemination

Indicator title (WP – 24)	Number of User Satisfaction Surveys (USS) conducted
Definition	The User Satisfaction Survey is conducted annually to assess stakeholder needs and how satisfied they are with the information and the products disseminated
Source of data	Customer Relations Management (CRM) system
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Report on the results of the survey
Assumptions	Optimal functioning of the CRM system
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	To meet stakeholder needs within the data ecosystem
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on User Satisfaction Survey
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Advocacy and Dissemination

24.4 Advocacy and Dissemination

Indicator title (WP – 24)	Number of CPS communication, publicity and advocacy strategy approved
Definition	Communication, publicity and advocacy strategy is plan on CPS awareness through effective communication, publicity and advocacy approaches
Source of data	Key projects communication documents, achievements and statistical documents
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	CPS project reports
Assumptions	Availability of consultants and funding
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	To create CPS awareness through effective communication and marketing approaches
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed CPS communication, publicity and advocacy strategy • Approval by the Project Director
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Advocacy and Dissemination

25. Business Modernisation

25.1 Business Modernisation

Indicator title (WP – 25)	Number of enterprise architecture domains implemented
Definition	Establish/define and implement the enterprise architecture
Source of data	Requirements from core, other business areas and ICT
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Documented enterprise architecture blueprints, roadmaps
Assumptions	Key role players and resources are available
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Established 3 of 4 enterprise architecture domains
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed plan on architecture domains implemented • Signed report on implementation of enterprise architecture platform (Phase 2)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Modernisation

25.2 Business Modernisation

Indicator title (WP – 25)	Number of business processes modernised
Definition	Modernise business processes by bringing innovation and/or digital solutions to bring efficiency
Source of data	Business areas
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Business process mapped
Assumptions	The business areas will collaborate with BM in this activity
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	At least two business processes modernised
Evidence (output/s)	Signed improved business processes with evidence of improved efficiency/effectiveness (2)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Business Modernisation

26. Publication Services

26.1 Publication Services

Indicator title (WP – 26)	Number of databases to interface between generic data storage and dissemination tools developed
Definition	Interface refers to interaction of two systems, i.e. generic data store (SQL server) and dissemination tools, i.e. SuperSTAR. Generic data storage means the data store can be accessed by a wide variety of tools for data analysis and visualisation. Dissemination tools are those tools that are used to share data within the internal storage to the analyst through desktop and other online tools
Source of data	Currently there are a number of databases in our catalogues that are disseminated using various systems. The datasets are sourced from survey areas and other data-producing divisions within Stats SA
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Publication policy and standard for data dissemination
Assumptions	Business Modernisation will provide the necessary infrastructure Standards division will work with the data owners and Data Processing division to ensure that the data items are standardised
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	To optimise the analysis of survey data within the Stats SA data catalogue
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on the interface between generic data storage and dissemination tools
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Publication Services

27. Information and Communication Technology

27.1 Information and Communication Technology

Indicator title (WP – 27)	Number of ICT environment upgrade initiatives implemented
Definition	The current ICT environment is outdated. With technology evolving rapidly, it is essential to continuously upgrade the ICT infrastructure to stay aligned with these changes. Therefore, Stats SA will ensure ongoing updates to keep pace with the fast-changing technological landscape. Phase 3 will focus on switching infrastructure deployed at Head office and Sita data centers
Source of data	ICT infrastructure
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	ICT infrastructure reports
Assumptions	Procurement processes to be concluded within the financial year
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	ICT infrastructure that improves communication and collaboration within Stats SA
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed plan on implementation of the ICT environment upgrade initiatives • Signed report on the implementation of the ICT environment upgrade initiatives (Phase 3)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Information and Communication Technology

28. Analytical Studies

28.1 Analytical Studies

Indicator title (WP – 28)	Number of research reports on spatial analysis approved
Definition	Research reports on spatial analysis related to improving statistical and geospatial data integration and analysing development spatially
Source of data	Stats SA data and administrative data from other departments
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Use of multiple data sources and sound statistical methods
Assumptions	Organisational support for data access
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Research reports on use of latest trends in terms of methodologies and application of internationally acclaimed statistical practices
Evidence (output/s)	Signed research reports on spatial analysis (2)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Analytical Studies

29. Provinces and District Offices

29.1 Provincial Offices

Indicator title (WP – 29)	Number of integrated fieldwork operations models implemented
Definition	Report compiled regarding phase 2 implementation of the IOM
Source of data	Integrated operations model phase 1 implementation signed-off document (2024/25), Listing maintenance training document, Frame update document, Mixed-mode Project Test documentation (optional), CPS documentation, Rationalising office accommodation document
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	CPS documentation, IOM proposal documentation (2020/21)
Assumptions	IOM implementation phase 1 report (2024/25) signed off; IOM Review signed-off document (2023/24); Cooperation from internal stakeholders to integrate processes
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Implementation of recommendations from IOM phase 1 (2024/25)
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed IOM plan • Signed report on the implementation of integrated operations model (phase 2)
Indicator responsibility	Provincial Chief Director

29.2 Provincial Offices

Indicator title (WP – 29)	Number of CPS provincial master samples updated
Definition	A master sample is a sample from which subsamples are drawn to serve the needs of several surveys. Provincial field operation reports on provincial frame update for the Continuous Population Survey
Source of data	CPS: HSPR Project and IOM documentation
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	CPS documentation, IOM proposal documentation (2020/21)
Assumptions	Budget is not reduced through cost containment measures;
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Updated provincial Frame for the Continuous Population Survey (9)
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed field operation reports on provincial frame updated on the Continuous Population Survey (9) • Approval by DDG (Statistical Operations and Provincial Coordination)
Indicator responsibility	Provincial Chief Director

30. Data Operations

30.1 Data Operations

Indicator title (WP – 30)	Percentage death notification forms processed
Definition	Processing and editing of mortality and causes of death forms from the Department of Home Affairs. It is important to note that, as much as the information is shared between the two departments, they exercise the highest level of confidentiality, governed by Acts and policies in both government departments
Source of data	Administrative records on mortality and causes of death from the Department of Home Affairs. It is also important to note that the causes of death information is received from the Department of Health following a particular value chain, which is equally governed and controlled by Acts and policies in place, especially now during the implementation of POPIA from 2021
Method of calculation/assessment	Percentage
Means of verification	Scanned images and the death records from the Population Register
Assumptions	All forms for a respective year have been released from Department of Home Affairs after registration on their system
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Quality processing and editing of notification forms
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on death notification forms processed (mortality and causes of death clean datasets for 2023)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Data Operations

30.2 Data Operations

Indicator title (WP – 30)	Number of reports on innovations for CPS approved
Definition	Innovating and improving processing and editing of Continuous Population Survey (CPS) questionnaires
Source of data	Community Survey collection systems
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Edited test dataset from pilot CPS data collection system
Assumptions	Funding is provided for processing
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target for women: N/A• Target for children: N/A• Target for youth: N/A• Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Periodic/once-off
Desired performance	Continuous Population Survey (CPS)
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Signed CPS report on innovations• Approval by the Project Director
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Data Operations

31. Household Surveys and Censuses

31.1 Household Surveys and Censuses

Indicator title (WP – 31.1)	Number of baseline studies conducted
Definition	A baseline study that collects data about out-of-scopes in the master sample and geographic information frame for household-based surveys. It aims to assess existing out-of-scopes between QLFS and CDC as a major concern to identify gaps, improve quality and reduce out-of-scopes for the CPS project
Source of data	Household-based surveys data collection
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Circulation of reports to key stakeholders for peer review
Assumptions	Access to master sample and geographic Information frame Access to Household-based surveys datasets
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target for women: N/A• Target for children: N/A• Target for youth: N/A• Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Assessments conducted on out-of-scopes for household-based surveys
Evidence (output/s)	Signed baseline report on out-of-scopes for household-based surveys
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Household Surveys and Censuses

31.2 Household Surveys and Censuses

Indicator title (WP – 31.2)	Number of CPS training strategies approved
Definition	A strategy that outlines the training approach, methods and tools for CPS project
Source of data	CPS Project Charter CPS Concept note
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Outputs from assessments
Assumptions	Improved training platforms
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Approved training strategy
Evidence (output/s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signed training strategy for CPS project • Approval by the Project Director
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Household Survey and Censuses

31.3 Household Surveys and Censuses

Indicator title (WP – 31.3)	Number of quality assurance tools reviewed
Definition	Report on quality assurance tools reviewed to enhance data for household-based surveys
Source of data	Collected data for Household-based surveys
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Quality Assurance Tools (Interview observations, control visits, out-of-scope verification, non-responses)
Assumptions	Complete coverage
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Improve data quality for household-based surveys
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on reviewed quality assurance tools (Interview observations, control visits, out-of-scope verification, non-responses)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Household Surveys and Censuses

32. Economic Subsystem

32.1 Economic Subsystem

Indicator title (WP – 32)	Number of clearance protocols for economic statistics subsystem piloted
Definition	A clearance report is a quality pronouncement by the Statistician-General on the statistical publications designated as official produced by entities within the NSS
Source of data	Statistical publications
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Specifications from assessed statistical publications
Assumptions	Agreed set of quality indicators for the clearance process
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target for women: N/A• Target for children: N/A• Target for youth: N/A• Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Compile clearance report for official statistics
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on the clearance protocol pilot for economic statistics subsystem
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Economic Subsystem

32.2 Economic Subsystem

Indicator title (WP – 32)	Number of reports on rationalised IIF for economic statistics subsystem approved
Definition	Integrated indicator framework provides a comprehensive list of indicators sourced from different indicator frameworks such as the NDP, SDGs, Agenda 2063, RISDP, MTDP, DDM, etc.
Source of data	NDP, SDGs, Agenda 2063, RISDP, MTDP, DDM, etc.
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Additional frameworks/data sources
Assumptions	Increase collaboration with other entities within the NSS
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Rationalised IIF
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on rationalised IIF for economic statistics subsystem
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Economic Subsystem

32.3 Economic Subsystem

Indicator title (WP – 32)	Number of MoUs/SLAs for economic statistics subsystem signed
Definition	Coordination and partnership are formalised through the signing of the MoUs/SLAs
Source of data	Specifications for both departments involved
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Terms of reference from both departments
Assumptions	Increase collaboration with other entities within the NSS
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Signed Memorandums of Understanding MoU/SLA
Evidence (output/s)	Signed (MoU/SLA) for economic statistics subsystem by both entities
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Economic Subsystem

32.4 Economic Subsystem

Indicator title (WP – 32)	Number of research reports on statistical units for economic organs of state approved
Definition	Research report on the statistical units for economic organs of state
Source of data	NSS entities and international organisations
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	SANSS
Assumptions	Increase collaboration with other organs of state
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Research report on the statistical units for economic organs of state
Evidence (output/s)	Signed research report on the statistical units for economic organs of state
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Economic Subsystem

33. Social Subsystem

33.1 Social Subsystem

Indicator title (WP – 33)	Number of clearance protocols for social statistics subsystem piloted
Definition	A clearance report is a quality pronouncement by the Statistician-General on the statistical publications designated as official produced by entities within the NSS
Source of data	Statistical publications
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Specifications from assessed statistical publications
Assumptions	Agreed set of quality indicators for the clearance process
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Compile clearance report
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on the clearance protocol pilot for social statistics subsystem
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Subsystem

33.2 Social Subsystem

Indicator title (WP – 33)	Number of reports on rationalised Integrated Indicator Framework (IIF) for social statistics subsystem approved
Definition	The Integrated Indicator Framework provides a comprehensive list of indicators sourced from different indicator frameworks such as the NDP, SDGs, Agenda 2063, RISDP, MTDP, DDM, etc.
Source of data	NDP, SDGs, Agenda 2063, RISDP, MTDP, DDM, etc.
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Additional frameworks/data sources
Assumptions	Increase collaboration with other entities within the NSS
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Rationalised IIF
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on rationalised IIF for social statistics subsystem
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Subsystem

33.3 Social Subsystem

Indicator title (WP – 33)	Number of MoUs/SLAs for social statistics subsystem signed
Definition	Coordination and partnership are formalised through the signing of the MoUs/SLAs
Source of data	Specifications for both departments involved
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Terms of reference from both departments
Assumptions	Increase collaboration with other entities within the NSS
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Signed Memorandums of Understanding MoU/SLA
Evidence (output/s)	Signed (MoU/SLA) for social statistics subsystem by both entities
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Subsystem

33.4 Economic Subsystem

Indicator title (WP – 33)	Number of research reports on statistical units for social organs of state approved
Definition	Research report on the statistical units for social organs of state
Source of data	NSS entities and international organisations
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	SANSS
Assumptions	Increase collaboration with other organs of state
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Research report on the statistical units for social organs of state
Evidence (output/s)	Signed research report on the statistical units for social organs of state
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Social Subsystem

34. Independent Quality Assessment

34.1 Independent Quality Assessment

Indicator title (WP – 34)	Number of SASQAF quality assessments conducted
Definition	Data quality improvement using SASQAF is a requirement for certifying data as official. SASQAF is the tool used for assessing data quality comprises nine (9) dimensions with related indicator and standards. Periodically publications are assessed for quality and certification as official statistics through the application of SASQAF and metadata provided by the assessed
Source of data	SASQAF users and data quality assessors
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	SASQAF reports
Assumptions	Assessed institution(s) (product owners) provides necessary metadata
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Publication assessed
Evidence (output/s)	Signed SASQAF quality assessments (4)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Independent Quality Assessment

34.2 Independent Quality Assessment

Indicator title (WP – 34)	Number of reports on the review of SASQAF operational standards and guidelines approved
Definition	Data quality improvement using SASQAF is a requirement for certifying data as official. The SASQAF editions on their current status do not explain the indicators and standards for users to easily understand as these are listed with their benchmarks only. In order to ensure that all indicators and standards are understood the same way by users, an operational standards and guidelines document is essential.
Source of data	SASQAF users and data quality assessors
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Report on the review of SASQAF operational standards and guidelines
Assumptions	Availability of human resources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	SASQAF operational standards and guidelines reviewed
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on the reviewed SASQAF operational standards and guidelines
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Independent Quality Assessment

35. Statistical Reporting

35.1 Statistical Reporting

Indicator title (WP – 35)	Number of reports on SDG indicators published
Definition	The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) preliminary report reflects progress of South Africa's development trajectory on SDG goals. The report is required to comply with our national and international reporting obligations
Source of data	Government departments, NDP, SDGs, AU Agenda 2063, IDPs, etc.
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	For internal use
Assumptions	Availability of resources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Approve Sustainable Development Goals report
Evidence (output/s)	Published report on Sustainable Development Goals indicators
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Statistical Reporting

35.2 Statistical Reporting

Indicator title (WP – 35)	Number of reports on the implementation of the Statistics Act (29 of 2024) approved
Definition	Stats SA is reviewing the Statistics Act, 1999 (Act No. 6 of 1999) in order to strengthen the current legislation relating to SANSS. The consultation workshops with various stakeholders commenced in the previous financial year and will be completed in the current financial year. The whole exercise was to create awareness of the Amendment Act.
Source of data	International, national and provincial consultations
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Stakeholder consultation report
Assumptions	Availability of resources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Stakeholder consultation report on awareness of the Amendment Act
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on stakeholder consultation to create awareness of the Amendment Act
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Statistical Reporting

35.3 Statistical Reporting

Indicator title (WP – 35)	Number of research reports on the development of a data strategy for South Africa approved
Definition	Stats SA is developing a data strategy for the NSS in South Africa
Source of data	Entities within the NSS
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Report on the research of development of the data strategy for South Africa
Assumptions	Availability of resources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Research report on development of the data strategy for South Africa
Evidence (output/s)	Signed research report on development of the data strategy for South Africa
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Statistical Reporting

36. Data and Information Management

36.1 Data and Information Management

Indicator title (WP – 36)	Number of IIF dissemination portal indicators updated
Definition	The Integrated Indicator Framework provides a comprehensive list of indicators sourced from different indicator frameworks such as the NDP, SDGs, Agenda 2063, etc.
Source of data	Internal users
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Internal portal
Assumptions	Availability of resources
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Target for women: N/A• Target for children: N/A• Target for youth: N/A• Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Update to IIF indicator values and to document the process for updating all IIF component frameworks
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on updating of IIF dissemination portal and process documentation
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Data and Information Management

36.2 Data and Information Management

Indicator title (WP – 36)	Number of additional features on the online SASQAF independent assessment system updated
Definition	SASQAF independent assessment system developed, implemented and accessible to NSS users
Source of data	Stats SA intranet
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	SASQAF independent assessment system accessible via Stats SA intranet
Assumptions	Training on SASQAF independent assessment
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Functioning SASQAF independent assessment with metadata upload functionality accessible to Stats SA users
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on updated features to online system for SASQAF independent assessment
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Data and Information Management

36.3 Data and Information Management

Indicator title (WP – 36)	Number of online metadata repositories for indicators reviewed
Definition	Online indicator metadata repository is a system for IIF indicators and associated metadata
Source of data	Stats SA website (www.statssa.gov.za)
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Signed report
Assumptions	Metadata for IIF indicators compiled
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Compile business and technical documents for online indicator metadata repository
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on the reviewed online metadata repository system for IIF indicators and metadata
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Data and Information Management

36.4 Data and Information Management

Indicator title (WP – 36)	Number of data source inventory systems developed
Definition	Description and metadata on all data produced by Stats SA
Source of data	System, definitional, and operational metadata from core (i.e. production) areas
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Specification from core areas
Assumptions	IIF data sources and data owners identified
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Develop business, technical documents and system development of the data source inventory system
Evidence (output/s)	Signed report on data source inventory system
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Data and Information Management

36.5 Data and Information Management

Indicator title (WP – 36)	Number of concept notes approved
Definition	Concept note on how to acquire administrative data
Source of data	SANSS branch
Method of calculation/assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Specification from core areas
Assumptions	Existence of administrative data among NSS entities
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target for women: N/A • Target for children: N/A • Target for youth: N/A • Target for people with disabilities: N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
Desired performance	Develop concept note
Evidence (output/s)	Signed concept note on acquiring administrative data
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Data and Information Management

